derivative of barbituric acid, which derivative has been found to be, and by regulations designated as, habit forming; and the labeling of the repackaged drugs failed to bear the name, and quantity or proportion of such derivative and in juxtaposition therewith the statement "Warning—May be habit forming."

DISPOSITION: October 1, 1952. Pleas of nolo contendere having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$220 against James H. Ford and \$90 against Bruce R. Lucas.

3824. Misbranding of methyltestosterone tablets, phenobarbital tablets, dextroamphetamine sulfate tablets, and elixir phenobarbital and thiamine. U. S. v. Public Drug Store. Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$280. (F. D. C. No. 32728. Sample Nos. 15451-L, 15452-L, 15456-L, 15460-L to 15462-L, incl., 15466-L, 15467-L.)

INFORMATION FILED: September 18, 1952, Western District of Oklahoma, against the Public Drug Store, a partnership, Lawton, Okla.

INTERSTATE SHIPMENT: Prior to the dates of the sales reported below, various quantities of methyltestosterone tablets, phenobarbital tablets, dextro-amphetamine sulfate tablets and elixir phenobarbital and thiamine were shipped in interstate commerce into the State of Oklahoma.

ALLEGED VIOLATION: On or about September 28 and October 9, 11, 13, 15, and 22, 1951, while the drugs were being held for sale at the Public Drug Store after shipment in interstate commerce, the defendant caused various quantities of the drugs to be repacked and dispensed without physicians' prescriptions, which acts resulted in the repackaged drugs being misbranded.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (b) (2), the repackaged drugs failed to bear labels containing statements of the quantity of the contents; Section 502 (b) (1), with the exception of the elixir phenobarbital and thiamine, the repackaged drugs failed to bear labels containing the name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor; and, Section 502 (f) (1), the drugs failed to bear labeling containing adequate directions for use.

Further misbranding, Section 502 (d), the repackaged phenobarbital tablets and the elixir phenobarbital and thiamine contained a chemical derivative of barbituric acid, which derivative has been found to be, and by regulations designated as, habit forming; and the label of such repackaged drugs failed to bear the name, and quantity or proportion of such derivative and in juxtaposition the with the statement "Warning—May be habit forming."

Further r. branding, Section 502 (e) (2), the repackaged methyltestosterone tablets and dextro-amphetamine sulfate tablets were fabricated from two or more agredients, and they failed to bear labels containing the common or usual rame of each active ingredient.

DISPOS from: October 1, 1952. A plea of nolo contendere having been entered on chalf of the partnership, the court imposed a fine of \$280.

386. Misbranding of methyltestosterone tablets and Sulfonamides Triplex tablets. U. S. v. Lynne E. Steele (Steele Drug Store). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$200. (F. D. C. No. 32706. Sample Nos. 13776-L, 13777-L, 13780-L, 13781-L.)

INFORMATION FILED: April 1, 1952, District of Utah, against Lynne E. Steele, trading as the Steele Drug Store, Salt Lake City, Utah.